Guide to the Social Welfare System

This guide explains the structure of the welfare system, as all related applications and procedures. Please consult with the Social Support Services Division of the Health and Welfare Center at each ward office if you are unsure about anything.





Kasoriinu (PR Ambassador for the Kasori Shell Mounds Special Historic Site)



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List of Health and Welfare Centers in Chiba City

(Published April 2025)



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1. What is the Social Welfare System?

Article 25 of the Japanese Constitution states that:

"All people shall have the right to maintain the minimum standards of wholesome and cultured living".

The Japanese social welfare system was founded based on this Article. It guarantees a minimum standard of living, provides benefits to those struggling based on their income levels and assists households to be able to support themselves. The system supports those who have no income, no savings or are struggling with lifestyle or medical costs.

Foreign residents without Japanese nationality are not entitled to receive social welfare, but they will be provided with adequate support as stated in the law.

Foreign residents without Japanese nationality who are eligible to receive social welfare are those with "permanent resident" or "special permanent resident" visas, are legally residing in Japan and are not subject to restrictions on their activities.



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2. Applying for Social Welfare (Procedures)

Consultation

Those who are struggling with their everyday lives and wish to apply for social welfare should go to the Health and Welfare Center. Please contact the center by phone if the applicant or a family member cannot apply in person due to medical issues.

Welfare Application

Anyone who wishes to apply for social welfare may do so. Welfare application forms will be given to applicants, so please fill out and submit the application. If circumstances do not allow the applicant to apply in person, a family member can submit an application on their behalf instead. If the applicant is urgently need of welfare, it may be possible for them to receive welfare with the authority of Chiba City.

After the application is processed, the applicant will be given the following

pension report, a status report on any household members who have a duty

forms: a consent form, an income declaration form, an asset report,

to support the family, and proof of housing or rent.

Document Submission

Investigation/Screening

Application Result

A caseworker from the Health and Welfare Center will visit the applicant's home to investigate their bank and life insurance company, as well as to conduct a screening to confirm that the applicant is facing financial difficulties and that they meet the criteria to receive welfare.

If the applicant <u>is</u> eligible to receive welfare: They will receive a "Welfare Approval Notice." The notice will explain what type and the amount of assistance the applicant will receive.

If the applicant is <u>not</u> eligible to receive welfare: They will receive a "Welfare Refusal Notice." It will list the reason(s) why they are eligible for welfare. *If the results of application are late or if the applicant received something they do not understand, please contact the appointed local officer (caseworker).

3. How Applications Are Decided

1) Home Visits

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Once an application has been submitted, a local caseworker from the Health and Welfare Center will conduct a home visit to talk to the applicant about their current lifestyle and previous lifestyle habits. There may be things that the applicant does not wish to discuss or have known, but the caseworker will protect the applicant's right to confidentiality so that they can speak openly to them about their lives.

2) Investigation of Family Members and Assets

In addition, enquiries will also be made into the applicant's bank or life insurance company, as well as into family members who could provide financial assistance or are regularly in contact with the applicant. Please understand that this is a required part of the application process and cooperate with the investigation.

3) Results

One the investigation has been completed, the applicant will be informed of the decision through an acceptance or rejection notice. The applicant will be sent a written notice two weeks after submitting an application (it may take up to thirty days in cases where the investigation takes more time).

4) The Social Welfare System (Determining the Necessity for Social Welfare)

Generally, the need and amount of social welfare recipients are entitled to receive is determined based number of people living in the same household. The applicant's total income will be compared with the minimum living costs as set out by the government. If the minimum living costs exceed the applicant's income, the shortfall in income will be covered by social welfare. The minimum living costs depend on the age and number of people in the household and the amount or type of welfare provided will vary depending on the household's situation and income.

*Welfare Provided to Meet a Basic Standard of Living (as outlined by the national

government): This is used to cover basic expenses such as clothes, day-to-day costs, housing costs such as rent, school expenses such as tuition fees, school lunch fees, nursing and medical fees.

*Income: This is defined as the money that a household receives (salary, allowances, rewards, gifts, pension and insurance). Of total income earned through working, only a determined amount can be deducted.

Comparing Income with the Minimum Cost of Living 1. Eligibility for Welfare:



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(1) The applicant's income is less than the minimum cost of living

Minimum Cost of Living				
Day-to-Day Costs Housing Costs		Educational Costs	Medical Costs	

Income	✓ Welfare Assistance
--------	----------------------

(2) When the applicant has an income, but faces financial difficulties due to nursing or medical costs

 $(\ensuremath{\underline{1}})$ The applicant is finding it difficult to pay nursing costs

Day-to-Day	Housing Costs	Educational Costs	Nursing Care	Medical
Costs			Costs	Costs

Income	Welfare Assistance

This difference is be paid by the welfare recipient

2 You cannot pay for medical expenses (no nursing care)

Day-to-Day Costs	Housing Costs	Educational Costs	Medical Costs
Income			Welfare Assistance

This difference is to be paid by the welfare recipient

2. Ineligibility for Welfare

The applicant's income to high enough to guarantee a minimum standard of living

Day-to-Day Costs	Housing Costs	Educational Costs	Medical Costs	
Income				

4. Types of Welfare

Various expenses are required for us to live our lives. Therefore, depending on the nature of expenses, the following types of social welfare are available.

Living Assistance: Food, clothing, utility fees and other items deemed necessary for day-to-day living. This also includes temporary costs such as moving, and costs associated with preparing for entry into elementary or junior high school.

Living Assistance Supplements and Allowances

- **Pregnancy Supplement:** For households with pregnant women who meet certain conditions
- **Supplement for People with Disabilities:** For households with people with disabilities who meet certain conditions
- **Supplement for Those in Nursing Facilities:** For households with members admitted to a nursing facility
- **Supplement for Patients Receiving Treatment at Home:** For households with patients recuperating at home who meet certain conditions (such as those recovering from tuberculosis or other diseases which require more than 3 months to heal)
- **Supplement for Victims of Radiation Exposure:** For households with members suffering from a disease or injury caused by radiation exposure
- **Child-Rearing Supplement:** For households raising children that have not yet graduated from high school
- Long-Term Care Insurance Premium Supplement: For households where the primary insured person is over the age of 65 and whose premiums are collected as usual
- **Supplement for Single Parents:** For single parent families raising a child or children under the age of eighteen
- Winter Utility Supplement: Applies to all households to help cover increased heat and electricity costs during the winter (November to March)

*There are certain requirements which must be satisfied to receive social welfare. For more details, please enquire with the caseworker.

- Housing Assistance: Housing costs or rent, as well as temporary costs associated with making deposits, contract renewal fees and repairs.
- Education Assistance: Costs associated with mandatory education such as school lunch fees and school supplies, as well as temporary costs associated with transportation commuting to school and club activities.
- Nursing Assistance: Essential fees arising from the use of nursing care services.
- **Medical Assistance:** Costs from visiting medical facilities, temporary expenses for items such as glasses, medical braces or transportation fees to and from the hospital.
- **Childbirth Assistance:** Costs arising from childbirth.
- **Occupational Assistance:** Training costs, job-seeking costs and high school costs (including costs for club activities)
- Funerary Assistance: Funeral costs.

* Each type of social welfare assistance has standards and rules. If necessary, please consult with the assigned caseworker in advance of applying or making a potential payment. Please be aware that if an applicant pays for bills in advance, they may not be eligible to receive welfare assistance afterwards.

******In addition to the above types of welfare supplements, the following benefits are also available:* **•***Employment Independence Benefit:* For those who have stopped receiving social welfare because they have started working.

<u>•Advancement to Higher Education and Employment Grant:</u> For those who are planning to advance to a national designated university after graduating high school or for those who are planning stop receiving social welfare because they have started working.

5. Please Take the Following Steps if Approved for Welfare

(1) Those in receipt of social welfare may be eligible to receive exemptions or reductions for the following fees:

• Municipal resident taxes, prefectural resident	• Water charges
taxes, fixed asset taxes	
• Daycare (kindergarten) fees	 National Pension insurance fees
NHK broadcasting fees	• Private high school tuition fees
• Grave management fees at municipal	• Disposal and handling fees for over-sized
cemeteries	rubbish
• Handling fees charged by the city for certificate	es and other documents
JR commuter pass fare	

(2) Recipients will no longer be eligible to use their insurance or medical allowance qualification cards, so please complete the procedures to return them to the office where they were issued.

- National Health Insurance Card
- Elderly Senior Citizen Health Insurance Certificate (Age 75+)
- Medical Allowance Qualification Cards for People with Disabilities and Single Parent Families



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6. Steps to Reduce Fixed Expenses to Improve Household Finances

Please consider the following steps to effectively manage household expenses with social welfare.

- Insurance Revision: Revision of the compensation details and insurance provider
- Communication Expenses Revision: Revision of the contract details or switching to a lower-cost phone plan
- Utility Bills Revision: Revision of the provider, contract details or usage fees

*It may be possible to reduce expenses by changing from monthly payments to annual payments, so review the contents of the contracts carefully.

Additionally, if there are concerns about managing family finances or financial planning for children going to university, it may be possible to avail of the Household Finances Improvement Support Programme.

7. Rights as a Social Welfare Recipient

- (1) Once the applicant has been approved to receive social welfare, it will not be revoked or changed without an explicit reason.
- (2) Any social welfare assistance received will not be taxed.
- (3) As long as the recipient meets the conditions to receive welfare, support provided through social welfare and the recipient's right to social welfare will not be withheld.

8. The Health and Welfare Center Will Not Manage or Mind Your Money

The employees at the Health and Welfare Center will not take and mind your money and bankbook. However, if a social welfare recipient requests that the Health and Welfare Center take and mind their money, they may do so in exceptional cases if such measures are deemed appropriate. In cases such as these, the money will be kept inside the Health and Welfare Center and cannot be distributed or accessed from outside the center.

If there are any questions about the handling of these finances, please enquire with the guidance inspector at the Health and Welfare Center.



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9. Responsibilities of the Social Welfare Recipient

- (1) The right to receive social welfare assistance cannot be transferred to another person.
- (2) All household members who are able to work should do so.
- (3) Those who cannot work due to illness or injury should seek medical treatment so that they can recover as soon as possible and return to work.
- (4) Maintain a healthy lifestyle and work to improve health.
- (5) Manage welfare payments carefully and use them for lifestyle improvement.
- (6) If there is an income, expenditure or lifestyle change, it must be reported to the Health and Welfare Center.
- (7) The Health and Welfare Center will occasionally make requests or give instructions in order to provide the recipient with appropriate assistance. Ensure that these instructions are adhered to.

*Points to Be Aware of:

Ensure that all information submitted in the application is accurate (income and information about the household situation). If it is later found that the application contained false or misleading information, the recipient is illegally receiving welfare or if the recipient does not adhere to the instructions of the Health and Welfare Center, they may be punished, denied welfare or be required to return all or part of the welfare received.



10. Essential Reporting of Lifestyle Changes

(1) Increases or Decreases in Income:

- Changes in income.
- At the time of application for pensions or other allowances, or when the benefit amount changes.
- If the amount received from remittances changes.
- Proceeds from unexpected sources of income.
- Proceeds from rent, selling land or vehicles.
- Insurance payments, condolence money, compensation or if the applicant won the lottery.
- Health insurance, nursing insurance, income tax refunds and tax overpayment refunds.
- Sales revenue (or points) earned from online market platforms and second-hand sites.
- Money earned by sharing videos and advertising.
- * The income declaration must be submitted promptly, correctly, accurately and in detail. Even if total income is only a small amount, it must still be declared. In addition, if there is no income to declare or if there has been no change to the income amount, a regular (this should be monthly, with some exceptions) income report must also be submitted (documents showing the amount of income, such as a pay slip, a bank statement or bank book).
- ※ Borrowings (money borrowed from friends or family, card loans or cash advances), gift cards which can be used in the same way as cash, electronic money or points earned by selling items are all considered income (this excludes any points earned through the purchase of products).
- * If income is declared correctly, the applicant may be eligible for some deductions.

(2) If a Household Member is Working or Looking for Work:

- If the applicant or a household member begins working, is now able to work or has changes jobs (report the name and address of the company and whether or not they offer company health insurance).
- If a household member quits their job.

(3) If the Recipient's Living Situation Changes:

- If the recipient wants to begin using nursing care
- If the recipient needs medical attention for an illness or injury. If the recipient is sick or injured. If the applicant is admitted to or discharged from hospital.

- If the applicant becomes pregnant.
- If the number of household members changes (death, birth, moving, etc.).
- If the rent or mortgage changes (please submit proof of change as shown in the rental contract or rental certificate).
- If the recipient receives their social welfare payment at a bank and loses their bankbook, personal seal or if the applicant's bank details change.
- If the recipient enrols in school.
- If the recipient is involved in a traffic accident.
- If a household member goes abroad and when they return to Japan (overseas travel).
- Other changes related to the recipient's lifestyle.

(4) If Income is Declared Properly, the Recipient May Be Eligible for the Following Deductions

Deductions Related to Income Earned from Work		
Basic Deductions	If the recipient is earning from employment, a certain amount will be	
	deducted from income in accordance with total earnings	
Deductions for the	For those who graduated junior high or high school, or for inevitable	
Newly Employed	circumstances were not able to work for around 3 years due to inevitable	
	circumstances and have found a maintainable job, if special expenses are	
	required in order to obtain income, a certain amount will be deducted from	
	their income.	
Deductions for Those	For those aged under the age of twenty and who are working, a certain	
Under 20	amount will be deducted from their income in addition to the basic	
	deduction.	
Other Necessary	Necessary expenses such as social insurance premiums, income tax, and	
Expenses	commuting fees are deducted.	
High School Students Earning Income from Part-Time Work		

If part-time income earned by high school students has already been approved by the welfare

institution in advance, it may not have to be declared as income and used for the below purposes, so

please consult with the applicant's appointed local officer (caseworker).

- Shortfall in the tuition fee for private high schools
- Travel costs for school tours
- Tuition for study and cram school
- Tuition fees to enter universities or vocational schools

11. Money Received Through Social Welfare May Have to Be Repaid in the Following Circumstances

(1) When there is a failure to submit necessary notices or if the notices or applications

submitted were false or untrue

If social welfare was acquired through fraudulent means, the recipient may be required to repay back 40% of the total welfare they received. The recipient may be sentenced to three years imprisonment and subject to a one million yen fine.

• An Investigation Will Be Carried out to Investigate the Recipient's Income Declaration

Every year, the Health and Welfare Center will verify if the amount on the income declaration form submitted by the recipient or their family matches the one on their tax record*. If they don't match, the recipient may be considered to be receiving welfare illegally. Even after the recipient stops receiving welfare, an investigation will be carried out for the entire period during which welfare was provided.

***Tax Record:** A registry that has information about one's earnings such as their salary and pension (information on who paid wages as stated on the "Withholding Tax Report" will be the same information as was reported to the local municipality)

(2) If the Recipient Liquidizes Any Assets or Claims While in Receipt of Social Welfare

- If the recipient receives any payments or cancellation payments for life insurance or post office insurance.
- If the recipient receives any backdated pension payments or other allowances.
- If the recipient receives money from the sale of assets such as land, buildings, vehicles or motorbikes.
- If the recipient receives compensation from a traffic accident.
- Other situations as deemed necessary by the Health and Welfare Center.

If the applicant is in an urgent situation or if there is an unavoidable reason that prevents the applicant from using their own assets (such as savings, live insurance, land, buildings, compensation from a traffic accident, allowances or rights to receive pension), the applicant may temporarily start (or continue) receiving social welfare. However, if the recipient becomes able to use their assets or can liquidize them, they will have to return all the financial welfare they received (including any money used for medical or nursing fees). Depending on the recipient's family situation, they may not have to repay the full amount.

12. If the Recipient Needs to Go to a Medical Facility



The social welfare recipient may receive care at a medical facility that has been designated by the Public Assistance Act. The caseworker will inform* the recipient about which facility they can attend after hearing their preferences. Before receiving medical care, the recipient will be given a "Medical Care Request Form" at the Health and Welfare Center.

*Generally, the medical institution will be one that is closest to the recipient.

*Generally, the recipient will receive treatment for all medical issues at the same facility.

*Those who have a My Number Card and are using the "My Number Health Insurance Card" may not need the "Medical Care Request Form".

*The caseworker must be contacted if the recipient is using their "My Number Health Insurance Card" to receive treatment but are unable to collect the "Medical Care Request Form".

- If the recipient has an "Independent Living Medical Care Certificate" or a "Designated Rare Disease Medical Care Certificate", they must also present their "My Number Health Insurance Card" when receiving medical treatment.
- Generally, generic medication will be used.
- If the recipient falls ill at night, at the weekend or on a public holiday and need emergency medical care, they must bring their "Welfare Approval Notification" to the hospital. The recipient is required to contact their caseworker at Health and Welfare Center on the next business day.
- If the recipient must receive treatment or an examination at the same institution within the same month, there is no need to re-submit their "My Number Health Insurance Certificate" or documents showing their health insurance qualifications.

*If the applicant begins receiving social welfare, they cannot use their National Health Insurance Certificate or their Elderly Senior Citizen Health Insurance Certificate. It is therefore necessary for the applicant to complete all necessary procedures to return these certificates.

• Welfare Benefits and Medical Treatment:

The recipient does not require their doctor's permission to receive judo therapy (for bruises, sprains, dislocations and fractures), but permission is required for massages, moxibustion and acupuncture. Before receiving treatment, it is necessary to present the "Statement of Needs and Benefits", so ensure that the caseworker is consulted in advance.

• If the Recipient's Child is Going on a School Tour, Trip to a Forest or the Seaside

The recipient must apply in advance at the Health and Welfare Center for a "Proof of Welfare-Recipient Status" form and give it to their child to take on the trip. If their child receives medical care while on the trip, the Health and Welfare Center must be informed as soon as possible.

13. Using Nursing Care Services

(1) Those Eligible for Nursing Care

To receive nursing care, the applicant must be either an "insured person over the age of 65" or "someone who is not the insured person, is not enrolled in medical insurance and is aged between the ages of 40 and 64 with a specific illness", be bedridden or unable to care for themselves (unable to eat, bathe, go to the bathroom without help).

(2) How to Use Nursing Care Services

An investigation will be carried out to determine if the applicant is eligible to use nursing care services. The application method differs for those who are insured and those who are not insured (those not enrolled in health insurance and aged between 40 and 64 years). Please contact the assigned caseworker if the applicant is unsure of how to apply for nursing care services or has already completed all necessary procedures.

	Those Insured	Those Not Insured
Where to Apply	The nursing care division of the ward where the recipient's address is registered	The Health and Welfare Center where the recipient receives welfare support
Important Points *	Nursing care services take priority	Disability support services take priority

※ In cases where applicants are eligible for both nursing care and disability support services

OThose Eligible for Nursing Care Welfare Are:

oAged 65 or older

oAged between 40 and 64, enrolled in medical insurance and have a designated illness.



14. The Role of Social Workers

Social workers listen to local residents and offer essential guidance and advice on their worries, concerns or issues in their everyday lives.

Everything discussed with social workers is kept strictly confidential, so those seeking consultation can speak freely. As social workers also work with the Health and Welfare Centers, they can also act as a bridge between welfare applicants and the centers, so feel free to consult the social workers.

15. The Role of Caseworkers

Each Health and Welfare Center has staff responsible for different areas. They are known as caseworkers. Once the recipient begins receiving welfare, a caseworker will regularly visit their home to ensure that adequate welfare is being provided. The caseworker will ask questions about the recipient's daily lifestyle, their health and to establish a support plan based on the family's situation or needs. The recipient should consult with their caseworker if they have any worries about their daily life or about the social welfare system. Anything discussed between the caseworkers and those receiving welfare will not be shared with anyone outside of the social welfare office, so recipients should feel comfortable consulting with their caseworker. Regarding those who are able to work, there are also employment counselors, so please consult with them about employment.



16. Mortgage Security Loans for Elderly Welfare Recipients

Elderly recipients of social welfare who own certain residential property and wish to continue living there may be eligible to use their property as collateral as part of a loan system instead of receiving welfare.

In order to be eligible for this loan system, applicants must meet the below two requirements:

- 1. The applicant and spouse (if living together) must be over the age of 65.
- 2. The residential property to be mortgaged must be owned solely by the applicant or jointly with their spouse (they must live together). The property must be valued at approximately 5 million yen or more. However, properties which are currently being leased, rented or have already been mortgaged are not eligible for this system.



- Excluding cases where the recipient does not have a bank account or if the Health and Welfare Center deems it necessary that the recipient receive social welfare payments directly at the Health and Welfare Center, the social welfare payments will be deposited into a designated bank account generally around the 1st of every month (*those who will receive cash payments at the Health and Welfare System are required to bring their personal seal as well).
- The social welfare system is for those with Japanese nationality. However, foreign residents which meet certain residential status requirements may be eligible to receive social welfare.
- If the applicant is a member of an organized crime group or involved in the activities of organized crime groups, they will not meet the conditions to receive assistance and will not be permitted to receive social welfare.

If the recipient receives social welfare without declaring such affiliations, it will be regarded as having illegally receiving public welfare and the recipient will be required to pay back the amount they received.

18. Support Offered by the Social Support Services Division at Each Ward Office

There are specialized staff members who will work with social welfare recipients to think about their future, such as work and further education. Please feel free to consult them about anything, as they will not disclose any confidential information not related to work. Some information about the welfare recipient may be shared with other related organizations while supporting the recipient to live independently.

• Employment Support

Caseworkers, employment support workers and the independent living and employment support center* help social welfare recipients to find employment. For those who cannot work right away or are unsure about working, the above supports will help recipients to find skill-developing opportunities or opportunities to experience work. *Refers to the Hello Work Chiba consultation desk (found at the Chuo, Hanamigawa and Inage Ward Offices, as well as the Health and Welfare Center in Wakaba Ward).

• Education, Career Support and Consultation for Families Receiving Social Welfare The Health and Welfare Centers at each ward office provide academic support to junior high school students to ensure that their learning is not affected by their home environment. In addition to academic support, lifestyle support is also provided to improve lifestyle habits and the environment in which students are living in. Career guidance is also provided to those who have graduated junior high school to support them in further education and in finding a job.

• Support for Improving Household Budgeting

This is available for households who are aiming to become independent of social welfare, who would like a revision of their household expenses and have children who will be beginning school. A caseworker and a household budget improvement advisor supports welfare recipients by helping to manage their income and expenditure, as well as assisting them with financial planning.

Health Management Support

With the aim of preventing lifestyle-related diseases from worsening, a health management support officer will provide advice from an expert point of view to help solve health or medical problems. This is aimed at welfare recipients who are undergoing treatment at medical institutions but their condition is getting worse, or for those who should be receiving medical care but are not receiving it.

19. Basic Principles of the Social Welfare System

The social welfare system is based on the assumption that all household members in receipt of welfare will endeavour to use all assets, skills and resources available to maintain a minimum standard of living.

(1) Working

Those who are able to work should make an effort to work and earn an income. The designated caseworker will help support social welfare recipients in finding a job. Those who cannot work due to an illness or disability will be supported in accordance with the doctor's opinion.

(2) Utilizing Assets

Any assets owned by the household (land, homes, vehicles, jewellery, savings or life insurance) that the social welfare recipient is not permitted to retain should be sold, with any profit earned going to support your household.

(3) Support Obligations

Just because an applicant has family members does not mean that they cannot receive social welfare. If the applicant can receive financial support from parents, siblings or children, we ask that this is prioritized before applying for social welfare. The Health and Welfare Center will enquire with relatives to see whether they can provide assistance or not. Special circumstances such as those experiencing domestic violence will be taken into consideration. Please consult with the caseworker.

(4) Other Options

Please proceed with the necessary application procedures if the applicant is eligible for funds from other assistance programs besides social welfare (pension or other allowances).

List of Health and Welfare Centers in Chiba City

Chuo Health and Welfare Center



14th Floor, Qiball, Chuo 4-5-1, Chuo Ward $\overline{+}$ 260-8511

Social Support Services Division

First Public Assistance Section: 043-221-2154

Second Public Assistance Section: 043-221-2155 Third Public Assistance Section: 043-221-2156 Fourth Public Assistance Section: 043-221-2550

Second Social Support Services Division:

First Public Assistance Section: 043-221-2066 Second Public Assistance Section: 043-221-2067 Third Public Assistance Section: 043-221-2068 Fourth Public Assistance Section: 043-221-2017 Fifth Public Assistance Division: 043-221-2174

Hanamigawa Health and Welfare Center



Mizuho 1-1, Hanamigawa Ward T262-8733 (located beside Hanamigawa Ward Office)

Social Support Services Division:

First Public Assistance Division: 043-275-6471

Second Public Assistance Division: 043-275-6420

Third Public Assistance Division: 043-275-6490

Fourth Public Assistance Division: 043-275-0091

Fifth Public Assistance Division: 043-275-6189



Anagawa 4-12-4, Inage Ward $\overline{+}$ 263-8550

Social Support Services Division:

First Public Assistance Section: 043-284-6136

Second Public Assistance Section:043-284-6142

Third Public Assistance Section: 043-284-6143

Fourth Public Assistance Section: 043-284-6143

Fifth Public Assistance Section: 043-284-6143Socia

Wakaba Health and Welfare Center



Kaizuka 2-19-1, Wakaba Ward $\overline{-}$ 264-8550

Social Support Services Division:

First Public Assistance Section: 043-233-8156 Second Public Assistance Section: 043-233-8157 Third Public Assistance Section: 043-233-8208 Fourth Public Assistance Section: 043-233-5305

Second Social Support Services Division:

First Public Assistance Section: 043-233-8158 Second Public Assistance Section: 043-233-8149 Third Public Assistance Section: 043-233-8199 Fourth Public Assistance Section: 043-233-8180



Kamatori-cho 226-1, Midori Ward ⊤266-8550

Social Support Services Division:

First Public Assistance Section: 043-292-8153

Second Public Assistance Section: 043-292-8152

Third Public Assistance Section: 043-292-8136



Masago 5-15-2, Mihama Ward $\overline{+}$ 261-8581

Social Support Services Division:

First Public Assistance Section: 043-270-1223

Second Public Assistance Section: 043-270-3149